ORDINANCE NO. ___________________

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF VENTURA, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
AMENDING DIVISION 8, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLES 2, 3, 4, 5, AND 9
OF THE VENTURA COUNTY ORDINANCE CODE, NON-COASTAL ZONING
ORDINANCE TO REGULATE DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE HABITAT
CONNECTIVITY AND WILDLIFE CORRIDORS AND THE CRITICAL WILDLIFE
PASSAGE AREAS OVERLAY ZONES

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Ventura (“County”) ordains as follows:

Section 1

Article 2:
DEFINITIONS

Article 2, Section 8102-0 – Application of Definitions, of the Ventura County
Ordinance Code is hereby amended to add the following definitions in appropriate
alphabetical order:

Agricultural Water Impoundment – A human-made surface water source used for
livestock watering or other agricultural purposes (e.g., agricultural reservoir), also
referred to as farm pond or livestock pond, in which water supply is primarily fed by
sources other than natural processes such as groundwater seep or precipitation.

Conservation Organization – A public agency or a private, non-profit organization,
whose primary purpose is the preservation and protection of land in its natural, scenic,
historical, recreational, or open space condition.

Fuel Modification – A method of modifying fuel load by reducing the amount of non-fire
resistive vegetation or altering the type of vegetation to reduce the fuel load. Fire
resistive plants are those that do not readily ignite from a flame or other ignition source.

Functional Connectivity - Describes the degree to which a physical setting (i.e., natural
landscape and built environment) facilitates or impedes the movement of organisms. 
Functional connectivity is a product of both the features of the physical setting (e.g.,
vegetation, physical development) and the behavioral response of plants and animals to
these physical features.

Invasive Plant – Any species of plant included on the California Invasive Plant Council
Invasive Plant Checklist for California Landscaping, as may be amended
(http://www.cal-ipc.org/plants/inventory/).

Restoration Project - A project that involves the manipulation of the physical, chemical,
or biological characteristics of a site to re-establish the site’s natural or historic habitat,
species, or ecological functions. It may include the re-establishment of habitat at sites where ecological function was wholly or partially lost or degraded.

**Riparian/Riparian Area/Riparian Habitat Area** – Refers to the bank of a stream, creek or river. Riparian habitat is the aquatic and terrestrial habitats that occur along streams, creeks and rivers.

**Surface Water Feature** – An area containing a stream, river, wetland, seep, or pond, the *riparian* habitat area associated with the feature, as well as a development buffer area that is 200 feet as measured from the farthest extent of the surface water feature and its associated *riparian area*. The data used to designate the areas is obtained from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory Dataset. Areas designated as *surface water features* are shown on the ‘Surface Water Feature Buffer’ map within the Planning GIS Wildlife Corridor layer of the County of Ventura - County View Geographic Information System (GIS), as may be amended by the Planning Director. The term *surface water feature* does not include ponds, lakes, marshes, wetlands or *agricultural water impoundments* or associated *riparian habitat areas* that are human-made.

**Vegetation** – Native and nonnative trees and plant communities such as grassland, coastal scrub, *riparian* vegetation, chaparral, including *invasive plants*. The term *vegetation* does not include human-planted landscaping associated with legally-established development or commercial agricultural products.

**Vegetation Modification** – Human-caused alteration of *vegetation* through direct actions including, but not limited to, complete removal, mowing, thinning, or chaining.

**Wildlife Crossing Structure** – A *structure* such as a culvert, bridge or underpass containing certain features that enhance its suitability for use by wildlife to safely cross human-made barriers such as roadways and highways. Examples of these features include the presence of *vegetation* providing cover or habitat near the entrances and/or natural light visible at the opposite entrance. The locations of the wildlife crossing structures are shown on the ‘Wildlife Crossing Structures’ map within the Planning GIS Wildlife Corridor layer of the County of Ventura, County View Geographic Information System (GIS), as may be amended by the Planning Director. The term *wildlife crossing structures* does not include cattle guards.

**Wildlife Impermeable Fencing** – A *fence* or wall, other than a retaining wall, that prevents various species of wildlife including amphibians, reptiles, mammals, birds, from freely passing through with little or no interference. Except for gates and associated gate support components, all portions of a *fence* that include one or more of the following design features is considered *wildlife impermeable fencing*:

1. Any *fence* that is higher than 60 inches above grade, inclusive of any wire strands placed above a top rail of a *fence*. 
(2) Electric fences comprised of any material or number of electrified strands.

(3) Any fence that is constructed of wrought iron, plastic mesh, woven wire, razor wire, chain link or that consists entirely of a solid surface, such as cinderblock.

Section 2

Article 3:

ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONES, BOUNDARIES AND MAPS

Article 3, Section 8103-0 - Purpose and Establishment of Zones and Minimum Lot Areas, of the Ventura County Ordinance Code, the portion of which sets forth overlay zones, is hereby amended to add the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors (HCWC) overlay zone and the Critical Wildlife Passage Areas (CWPA) overlay zone to read as follows:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overlay Zones</th>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Minimum Lot Area</th>
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<td>Scenic Resource Protection</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mineral Resource Protection</td>
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<td>Community Business District</td>
<td>/CBD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temporary Rental Unit Regulations</td>
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<td>Dark Sky</td>
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<td>Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors</td>
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<tr>
<td>Critical Wildlife Passage Areas</td>
<td>/CWPA</td>
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Section 3

Article 4:

PURPOSES OF ZONES

Article 4, Section 8104-7 – Overlay Zones, of the Ventura County Ordinance Code is hereby amended by adding a new Section 8104-7.7 – Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors Overlay Zone, and a new Section 8104-7.8 – Critical Wildlife Passage Areas Overlay Zone, to read as follows:

Section 8104-7.7 – Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors Overlay Zone

The general purposes of the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone are to preserve functional connectivity for wildlife and vegetation throughout the overlay zone by minimizing direct and indirect barriers, minimizing loss of vegetation and habitat fragmentation and minimizing impacts to those areas that are narrow,
impacted or otherwise tenuous with respect to wildlife movement. More specifically, the purposes of the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone include the following:

a. Minimize the indirect impacts to wildlife created by outdoor lighting, such as disorientation of nocturnal species and the disruption of mating, feeding, migrating, and the predator-prey balance.

a. Preserve the functional connectivity and habitat quality of surface water features, due to the vital role they play in providing refuge and resources for wildlife.

b. Protect and enhance wildlife crossing structures to help facilitate safe wildlife passage.

c. Minimize the introduction of invasive plants, which can increase fire risk, reduce water availability, accelerate erosion and flooding and diminish biodiversity within an ecosystem.

d. Minimize wildlife impermeable fencing, which can create barriers to food and water, shelter, and breeding access to other individuals needed to maintain genetic diversity.

Section 8104-7.8 – Critical Wildlife Passage Areas Overlay Zone

There are three critical wildlife passage areas that are located entirely within the boundaries of the larger Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone. These areas are particularly critical for facilitating wildlife movement due to any of the following: (1) the existence of intact native habitat or other habitat with important beneficial values for wildlife; 2) proximity to water bodies or ridgelines; 3) proximity of critical roadway crossings; 4) likelihood of encroachment by future development which could easily disturb wildlife movement and plant dispersal; or 5) presence of non-urbanized or undeveloped lands within a geographic location that connects core habitats at a regional scale.

Section 4

Article 5:

PERMITTED USES

Article 5, Sections 8105-4 and 8105-5 – Uses and Structures by Zone, are hereby amended regarding the following uses and structures to read as follows:
### Section 8105-4 - Permitted Uses in Open Space, Agricultural, Residential and Special Purpose Zones

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<th>OS</th>
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### Section 8105-5 - Permitted Uses in Commercial and Industrial Zones

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### Trees and Native Vegetation:

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E – Exempt; ZC – Zoning Clearance; * There are specific regulations for this use or structure.
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

Section 5

Article 9:

STANDARDS FOR SPECIFIC ZONES
AND ZONE TYPES

Article 9, Section 8109-4 - Standards for Overlay and Special Purpose Zones, is hereby amended by adding new Section 8109-4.8 – Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors Overlay Zone, and Section 8109-4.9 – Critical Wildlife Passage Area, to read as follows:

Section 8109-4.8 – Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors Overlay Zone

The abbreviated reference for the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone when applied to a base zone shall be "HCWC." The suffix "HCWC" shall be added to the base zone covering land so identified (example: AE-40 ac/HCWC).

Where applicable, the standards, requirements and procedures in this Sec. 8109-4.8 shall apply to parcels in the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone in addition to those of the base zone. In the case of conflicting zone standards, requirements or procedures, the more restrictive ones shall apply within the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone.

Section 8109-4.8.1 – Applicability

a. Except as otherwise specifically stated in Sec. 8109-4.8.2.1 regarding outdoor lighting and Sec. 8109-4.8.3.3 regarding prohibitions, the standards, requirements and procedures of this Sec. 8109-4.8 shall only apply to land uses and structures requiring a discretionary permit or modification thereto, or a ministerial Zoning Clearance, the applications for which are decided by the County decision-making authority on or after [Ordinance effective date], or to uses or activities not requiring a discretionary permit or Zoning Clearance which occur after [Ordinance effective date].

b. If a lot is located both inside and outside of the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone, the standards, requirements and procedures of this Sec. 8109-4.8 shall only apply to the portion of the lot that is located inside the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone.
c. For purposes of calculating lot sizes to apply the provisions of this Sec. 8109-4.8, the Ventura County Resource Management Agency Geographic Information System (GIS) shall be used.

d. If a proposed land use or structure requires a discretionary permit or modification thereto under a section of this Chapter other than this Sec. 8109-4.8, no additional discretionary permit or Zoning Clearance shall be required for the proposed land use or structure pursuant to this Sec. 8109-4.8. Instead, the applicable standards, requirements and procedures of this Sec. 8109-4.8 shall be incorporated into the processing of the application for, and the substantive terms and conditions of, the discretionary permit or modification that is otherwise required by this Chapter.

e. If the same proposed land use, structure or project requires two or more discretionary permits or modifications or Zoning Clearances pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8 and/or Sec. 8109-4.9, the permit applications shall be processed and acted upon concurrently as part of the same project.

f. If a permit condition, subdivision condition, or other County-approved covenant, condition, easement, or instrument imposes standards or restrictions on development which is subject to this Sec. 8109-4.9, the more restrictive standards and restrictions shall apply.

Section 8109-4.8.2 – Outdoor Lighting

Section 8109-4.8.2.1 – Applicability
Outdoor lighting standards are intended to minimize potential impacts of light on wildlife movement. Except for outdoor lighting that is exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.2.2, or authorized pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.2.5, the following standards and requirements apply to outdoor lighting and to luminaires within translucent or transparent enclosed structures for agricultural operations. The provisions of Article 13 shall not apply to any lighting subject to this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.

Section 8109-4.8.2.2 - Exemptions
The following outdoor lighting and related activities are not subject to Sec. 8109-4.8.2:

a. Temporary lighting for construction.

b. Temporary emergency lighting.

c. Lighting for wireless communication facilities to the extent required by the Federal Aviation Administration. (See Section 8109-4.8.2.2(b)(9) for additional requirements related to wireless communication facilities.)
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

d. **Temporary** or intermittent outdoor night lighting necessary to conduct agricultural activities including *outdoor lighting* used during weather events such as frosts, and *temporary or intermittent* outdoor night lighting used for *oil and gas exploration and production* regardless of the location or number of lights used intermittently. As used in this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.2 the term “intermittent” means a period of between 31 and 90 calendar days within any 12-month period. For example, the use of *intermittent* lighting in cases where it is used simultaneously to illuminate multiple, discreet facilities (well sites, multiple tanks, etc.) is not limited provided that each individual location is illuminated no longer than 90 calendar days within any 12-month period.

e. *Outdoor lighting* for signage permitted in accordance with Article 10.

f. Seasonal or festive lighting.

g. *Outdoor lighting* with a maximum output of 60 lumens or less, including solar lights.

h. *Temporary outdoor lighting* associated with a use authorized by this Chapter or a permit granted pursuant to this Chapter.

i. Lighting on public and private streets.

j. Any facility, equipment, or activity that is subject to preemptive state or federal regulations regarding lighting or illumination.

k. Lighting used in a swimming pool that is an accessory use to a dwelling or in a swimming pool associated with a legally authorized camp use.

**Section 8109–4.8.2.3 – Prohibited Lighting**

No *outdoor luminaire* prohibited by this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.3 shall be installed or replaced after [Ordinance effective date]. In addition, the use of any *outdoor luminaire* installed as of [Ordinance effective date] that is prohibited by this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.3 shall be discontinued as of [One year from Ordinance effective date]. The following *luminaires* are prohibited:

a. Permanently installed *luminaires* that blink, flash, rotate, have intermittent fading, or have strobe light illumination.

b. *Luminaires* located along the perimeter of a lot except for *security lighting* that complies with all other applicable standards and requirements of Sec. 8109 – 4.8.2.

c. *Uplighting* of landscapes (e.g., trees, fountains), or for aesthetic purposes (e.g., outdoor statues, buildings) between 10:00 p.m. and sunrise.

**Section 8109–4.8.2.4 – Existing Lighting; Standards and Requirements**
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

a. Existing Lighting:

(1) Any outdoor luminaire installed prior to [Ordinance effective date] that does not comply with any standard or requirement of Sec. 8109-4.8.2.4(b) and is not otherwise approved in conjunction with a land use and/or structure authorized by a discretionary permit granted pursuant to this Chapter may remain in use until compliance with the standards of Sec. 8109-4.8.2.4(b) is achieved, but shall comply with the following requirements as of [One year from ordinance effective date]:

i. Luminaires that have adjustable mountings with the ability to be redirected shall be directed downward, to the extent feasible, to reduce glare and light trespass onto adjacent undeveloped areas; and

ii. Lighting shall be turned off at 10:00 p.m. or until people are no longer present in exterior areas being illuminated, whichever occurs latest, and shall remain turned off until sunrise, except for essential luminaires which may remain on if used to illuminate circulation areas such as walkways and driveways or building entrances, or if used for safety or security lighting, pursuant to the requirements of Sec. 8109-4.8.2.4(b)(5).

(2) Any outdoor luminaire installed prior to [Ordinance effective date] that does not comply with any standard or requirement of Sec. 8109-4.8.2 that is approved in conjunction with a land use and/or structure authorized by a discretionary permit granted pursuant to this Chapter may remain in use until at least [three years from ordinance effective date] subject to the applicable requirements of subsections (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(ii) above. Upon approval of a minor or major modification to the subject discretionary permit, all such lighting shall be required to be modified or replaced so that the lighting conforms to the standards and requirements of Sec. 8109-4.8.2, with the replacement lighting to be phased in within a reasonable time period after [three years from ordinance effective date].

b. Standards and Requirements

(1) Shielding and Direction of Luminaries - All outdoor lighting shall be fully-shielded, directed downward, and installed and maintained in such a manner to avoid light trespass beyond the property line. Lights at building entrances, such as porch lights and under-eave lights, may be partially-shielded luminaires.

(2) Maximum Height of Lighting

i. Luminaires affixed to structures for the purposes of lighting outdoor recreational facility shall not be mounted higher than 15
feet above ground level. In cases where a luminaire is affixed to a fence, the top of the luminaire shall be no higher than the height of the fence.

ii. Freestanding light fixtures used to light walkways and driveways shall use luminaires that are no higher than two feet above ground level.

iii. All other freestanding light fixtures shall not exceed 20 feet above ground level, unless specified by a discretionary permit granted under this Chapter.

(3) Lighting Color (Chromaticity) - The correlated color temperature of all outdoor lighting shall not exceed 3,000 Kelvin.

(4) Maximum Lumens - All outdoor lighting, except that used for security lighting, outdoor recreational facility lighting, and driveway and walkway lighting, shall have a maximum output of 850 lumens per luminaire.

i. Driveway and walkway lighting shall have a maximum output of 100 lumens per luminaire.

ii. See Section 8109-4.8.2.4(b)(5) for standards regarding security lighting.

iii. See Sec. 8109-4.8.2.4(b)(7) for standards regarding outdoor recreational facility lighting.

(5) Security Lighting

i. Outdoor lighting installed for security lighting shall have a maximum output of 2,600 lumens per luminaire. If required for proper functioning of a security camera used in conjunction with security lighting, the correlated color temperature may exceed 3,000 Kelvin. Where the light output exceeds 850 lumens, security lighting shall be operated by motion sensor or a timer switch and shall be programmed to turn off no more than 10 minutes after activation.

ii. Notwithstanding subsection (i) above, if security lighting is installed within 200 feet of a surface water feature, it shall be programmed to turn off no more than five minutes after activation.

iii. Outdoor lighting installed for security lighting that is used in connection with agricultural uses on lots zoned Agricultural Exclusive (AE), Open Space (OS), and Rural-Agricultural (RA) or legally authorized oil and gas exploration and production uses
operating under a discretionary permit as of [Ordinance effective date] shall not be subject to the requirements for motion sensors and timers set forth in subsections (i) and (ii) above.

iv. Essential luminaires may remain on if used to illuminate circulation areas such as walkways, driveways or building entrances.

(6) Parking Area Lighting shall comply with the standards set forth in Sec. 8108-5.12 and is not subject to any other standard or requirement set forth in this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.

(7) Outdoor Recreational Facility Lighting
   i. Outdoor recreational facility lighting may exceed an output of 850 lumens and 3,000 Kelvin per luminaire. Lighting levels for these facilities shall not exceed those levels recommended in the Lighting Handbook available online by the Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) for the class of play (Sports Class I, II, III or IV).

   ii. In cases where fully-shielded luminaires would impair the visibility required for the intended recreational activity, partially-shielded luminaires and directional lighting methods may be used to reduce light pollution, glare and light trespass.

   iii. Outdoor recreational facility lighting shall not be illuminated between 10:00 p.m. and sunrise, except to complete a recreational event or activity that is in progress as of 10:00 p.m. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any essential luminaire and parking area lighting may be operated as part of the outdoor recreational facility in accordance with Sec. 8108-5.12.

   iv. A lighting system design and installation plan (including lamps, lumens, Kelvin, etc.) shall be prepared by a qualified engineer, architect or landscape architect, in conformance with this Sec. 8109-4.8.2.2(b)(7).

   v. The proposed lighting design shall be consistent with the purpose of this Sec. 8109-4.8.2 and minimize the effects of light pollution on adjacent undeveloped areas within the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone.

(8) Service Station Lighting: All luminaires mounted on or recessed into the lower surface of the service station canopy shall be fully-shielded luminaires and utilize flat lenses. No additional lighting is allowed on columns of the service station.
(9) **Wireless Communication Facilities:** In addition to all other applicable standards for wireless communication facilities specified in Sec. 8107-45, wireless communication facilities (including radio and television towers) that are higher than 200 feet shall not use red-steady lights unless otherwise required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). Only white strobe or red strobe lights, or red flashing LED lights shall be used at night, and these should be the minimum number, minimum intensity, and minimum number of flashes per minute (i.e., longest duration between flashes/dark phase) allowable by the FAA. To the extent feasible, light flashes emanating from a single tower shall be set (synchronized) to flash simultaneously.

(10) **Night lighting for Translucent or Transparent Enclosed Agriculture Structures:** All night lighting within translucent or transparent enclosed structures used for ongoing agriculture or agricultural operations (e.g., greenhouses for crop production) shall use the following methods to reduce *light pollution* beginning at 10:00 p.m. until sunrise:

i. Fully- or partially-shielded directional lighting; and

ii. Blackout screening for the walls and roof, preventing interior night lighting from being visible outside the *structure*.

**Section 8109-4.8.2.5 – Deviations from Standards and Requirements**

a. Applicants may request deviations from any standard or requirement of this Sec. 8109-4.8.2 as part of an application for a discretionary permit or modification thereto. The decision to authorize each deviation must include written findings of fact supported by substantial evidence in the record establishing that the applicant’s proposed lighting will be the functional equivalent, with regard to the strength and duration of illumination, *glare*, and *light trespass*, of the lighting that would otherwise be required by the applicable standard or requirement.

b. The request shall state the facts and circumstances supporting each deviation, and shall be accompanied by the following information and documentation:

(1) Plans depicting the proposed *luminaires*, identifying the location of the *luminaire(s)* for which the deviation is being requested, the type of replacement *luminaires* to be used, the total light output (including lumens, Kelvin, etc.), and the character of the shielding, if any;

(2) Detailed description of the use of proposed *luminaires* and the facts and circumstances which justify the deviation;

(3) Supporting documentation such as a lighting plan, if requested; and
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

(4) Other data and information as may be required by the Planning Division.

Section 8109-4.8.3 – Surface Water Features, Vegetation Modification, Wildlife Crossing Structures, and Wildlife Impermeable Fencing

Section 8109–4.8.3.1 – Applicability

a. This Sec. 8109-4.8.3 applies to the structures and wildlife impermeable fencing (collectively referred to as “development” in this Sec. 8109-4.8.3) described below, except to the extent any such development is exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.3.2:

(1) Construction of any new structure that is subject to a permitting requirement under Article 5 (i.e., a Zoning Clearance or other permit is required under Article 5) with a gross floor area of 120 square feet or more inclusive of open-roofed structures, or any addition to an existing structure, that is subject to a permitting requirement under Article 5 (i.e., a Zoning Clearance or other permit is required under Article 5) and that will result in any new fuel modification required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District.

(2) Installation of new or replacement wildlife impermeable fencing that forms an enclosed area on lots zoned Open Space (OS) or Agricultural Exclusive (AE), including installation of wildlife impermeable fencing to facilitate livestock grazing. For purposes of this Sec. 8109-4.8, the term “enclosed area” means an area that is enclosed by wildlife impermeable fencing regardless of whether the fence or wall contains one or more gates or doors that can be opened to allow access. Wildlife impermeable fencing that includes unobstructed vertical gaps of at least 24 inches at intervals of 50 linear feet or less does not form an “enclosed area.”

(3) Vegetation modification unless otherwise exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.3.2 below.

(4) Fence posts, corner posts, and gate uprights that are prohibited in Sec. 8109-4.8.3.3(d) below.

Section 8109–4.8.3.2 – General Exemptions

The following are not subject to Sec. 8109-4.8.3:

a. Vegetation modification or the installation of wildlife impermeable fencing that is required to comply with any federal, state or local law or regulation.

b. Vegetation modification performed on a maximum cumulative area, within a 12-month period, of 10 percent of the area of the lot that is located within
a *surface water feature*. (For example, *vegetation modification* is exempt if performed on a maximum of 100 square feet on a lot within which 1,000 square feet of the total lot area is a surface water feature).

c. Land, *fences*, or improvements other than *structures* involuntarily damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, landslide, or natural disaster may be restored or rebuilt to their original state and in their original location if a complete building permit application is submitted to the County within three years of the date that the damage occurred, and the permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to expiration, or if no permit is required, the rebuilding commences within the aforementioned three-year period and is diligently pursued to completion. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the restoration or rebuilding of land, *fences* or improvements following fire, flood, landslide or natural disaster not meeting the above requirements shall comply with the permitting and all other applicable requirements of this Sec. 8109-4.8.

d. *Structures* involuntarily damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, landslide, or natural disaster may be rebuilt to their original state and in their original location if (i) less than 50 percent of the *structure* is damaged or destroyed and (ii) a complete building permit application is submitted to the County within three years of the date that the damage occurred, and the permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to expiration. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the rebuilding of *structures* following fire, flood, landslide or natural disaster not meeting the above requirements shall comply with the permitting and all other applicable requirements of this Sec. 8109-4.8.

e. Notwithstanding subsections (c) and (d) above, land, *fences*, improvements and *structures* damaged or destroyed in the Thomas Fire of 2017-2018 or the Woolsey-Hill Fires of 2018 may be rebuilt to their original state without being subject to Sec. 8109-4.8 if a complete building permit application has been submitted to the Building and Safety Division on or before the applicable deadline set forth in Sec. 8113-6.1.1, and the building permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to permit expiration; or if no building permit is required for the rebuilding of any such land, *fence*, improvement or *structure*, the rebuilding commences before the above-referenced deadline and is diligently pursued to completion.

f. Planting or harvesting of crops or orchards that will be commercially sold, including *vegetation modification* necessary to construct or maintain a driveway or road internal to a lot that is utilized for such a commercial agricultural activity.
g. *Vegetation modification* on previously cultivated agricultural land left uncultivated for up to 10 years, or on land classified as “Prime,” or “Statewide Importance,” “Unique,” of “Local Importance,” or “Grazing” by the California Department of Conservation Important Farmlands Inventory, that is associated with the cultivation of agricultural crops.

h. *Vegetation modification* performed by a public agency on publicly-owned or -maintained property.

i. *Vegetation modification* on land owned or maintained by a conservation organization for the purpose of maintaining or enhancing functional connectivity.

j. *Vegetation modification* associated exclusively with vegetation that has been intentionally planted as a landscape.

k. *Vegetation modification* including *fuel modification* as required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District (VCFPD) pursuant to the VCFPD ordinance; or pursuant to a Community Wildfire Protection Plan, as amended, or similar fuel modification/wildfire protection plan adopted by the VCFPD; or pursuant to a burn permit approved by the VCFPD.

l. Livestock grazing, except that the installation of *wildlife impermeable fencing* which forms an enclosed area to facilitate livestock grazing is not exempt.

m. Development, or a portion thereof, to the extent dependent upon being located within a *surface water feature* or a *wildlife crossing structure* setback area as described in Sec. 8109-4.8.3.4. Examples include in-stream mining, flood control improvements, and bridges.

n. Repair or maintenance of an existing, legally-established structure or fence.

o. Development within a public road right-of-way.

p. *Structures* or improvements that are *temporary* or are located entirely or substantially underground (e.g., pipelines, cables, individual sewage disposal systems).

q. *Vegetation modification* performed with hand-operated tools as part of the operation and maintenance of a legally-established *oil and gas exploration and production* use operating under a discretionary permit as of [Ordinance effective date]. As used in this Sec. 8109 – 4.8.3.2 the term “hand-operated tools” does not include heavy equipment (i.e., heavy-duty...
vehicles designed for performing construction tasks such as earthwork operations).

Section 8109-4.8.3.3 – Prohibitions
Unless otherwise exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.3.2 above, the following are prohibited in the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone:

a. The intentional planting of *invasive plants*, unless planted as a commercial agricultural crop or grown as commercial nursery stock.

b. The installation of new *wildlife impermeable fencing* that forms an enclosed area on a lot that has no existing, lawfully-established *principal use*.

c. The installation of new *wildlife impermeable fencing* around the perimeter of a lot that forms an enclosed area, unless exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109–4.8.3.7 below.

d. Any new *fence* post, corner post, or gate upright with open, vertical pipes on lots zoned as Open Space (OS) or Agricultural Exclusive (AE) that could trap small birds or other animals. All such *fence* posts and gate uprights shall be entirely filled with concrete, sand, gravel, or other material, or covered with commercial caps.

Section 8109 – 4.8.3.4 – Wildlife Crossing Structures – Setbacks and Permitting
Development subject to and not prohibited by this Sec. 8109-4.8.3 requires a Planning Director-approved Planned Development Permit pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.2 if any portion thereof, including any resulting *fuel modification* required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, is proposed to be sited or conducted within 200 feet from the entry or exit point of a *wildlife crossing structure* as measured from: 1) the center of the inlet or outlet side of a pipe or box culvert; or 2) the perimeter of a bridge structure.
Section 8109 – 4.8.3.5 – Surface Water Features – Setbacks and Permitting

a. Development subject to and not prohibited by this Sec. 8109-4.8.3, other than the removal of *invasive plants* addressed in subsection (b) below, requires a Planning Director-approved Planned Development Permit pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.2 if any portion thereof, including any resulting *fuel modification* required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, is proposed to be sited or conducted within a *surface water feature*.

b. A Zoning Clearance issued pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.1 is required to authorize any *vegetation modification* limited exclusively to *invasive plants* within a *surface water feature*. An application for such a Zoning Clearance shall include, in addition to all other information required by the Planning Division pursuant to Sections 8111-2.1 and 8111-2.3, the following: (i) photographs of all vegetation proposed to be removed; (ii) identification of all *invasive plants* to be removed; (iii) method by which the removal will occur; and (iv) measures that will be taken to ensure that no native vegetation is damaged or removed. The Zoning Clearance shall prohibit the damaging or removal of native vegetation and shall require implementation of the identified measures to ensure that no native vegetation is damaged or removed.

c. The designation of any area, or portion thereof, as a *surface water feature* may be reconsidered by the Planning Division upon request by an applicant proposing a development subject to this Sec. 8109-4.8.3.5. When reconsideration is requested, the sole issue is whether the area qualifies as a *surface water feature* as the term is defined in Article 2. The reconsideration request shall be submitted on a form provided by the Planning Division and shall include a field survey of the designated *surface feature*.
water area that is prepared by a qualified biologist in accordance with the Biological Resources section of the Ventura County Initial Study Assessment Guidelines, as may be amended. The applicant shall be responsible for paying all County fees and costs associated with processing the reconsideration request. The request shall be decided by the Planning Director or designee without a public hearing. The decision shall be final and not subject to administrative appeal pursuant to Sec. 8111-7.

Section 8109-4.8.3.6 – Wildlife Impermeable Fencing – Permitting Requirements

a. Unless otherwise exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.3.7 below, this Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6 applies to the installation of new or replacement wildlife impermeable fencing that forms an enclosed area on lots zoned Open Space (OS) or Agricultural Exclusive (AE), including installation of wildlife impermeable fencing to facilitate livestock grazing. The standards and requirements of Sec. 8106-8.1 (Fences, Walls and Hedges), as may be amended, also apply to wildlife impermeable fencing subject to this Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6.

b. Installation of wildlife impermeable fencing subject to this Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6 requires a Zoning Clearance issued pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.1 if the wildlife impermeable fencing forms an enclosed area that does not exceed the following limits:

(1) For lots with no wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing does not exceed 10 percent of the gross lot area; or

(2) For lots with existing wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing does not exceed 10 percent of the lot area net of the area enclosed by existing wildlife impermeable fencing. For example, if a 10-acre lot includes wildlife impermeable fencing that existed prior to [the ordinance effective date] and encloses a total area of one acre, the cumulative area enclosed by any new wildlife impermeable fencing proposed to be installed after [the ordinance effective date] may not exceed 0.9 acres, or 10 percent of nine acres.

c. Installation of wildlife impermeable fencing subject to this Sec. 8109-4.8.3 requires a Planning Director-approved Planned Development Permit pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.2 if the wildlife impermeable fencing forms an enclosed area as follows:
(1) For lots with no wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing is greater 10 ten percent of the gross lot area; or

(2) For lots with existing wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing is greater than 10 percent of the lot area net of the area enclosed by existing wildlife impermeable fencing. For example, if a 10-acre lot includes wildlife impermeable fencing that existed prior to [the ordinance effective date] and encloses a total area of one acre, the cumulative area enclosed by any new wildlife impermeable fencing proposed to be installed after [the ordinance effective date] that exceeds 0.9 acres, or 10 percent of nine acres, would require a Planning Director-approved Planned Development Permit.

d. All applications for a Zoning Clearance or discretionary permit or modification thereto pursuant to this Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6 shall include a fencing site plan depicting the type, design, and location of all existing and proposed wildlife impermeable fencing on the subject lot, including calculations for the enclosed area of each existing and proposed wildlife impermeable fence.

e. When any portion of a lot is located outside the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone, the calculation of gross lot area pursuant to this Sec. 8109 – 4.8.3.6 shall only consist of the portion of the lot that is located within the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone.

Section 8109–4.8.3.7 – Wildlife Impermeable Fencing – Exemptions

Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6 does not apply to wildlife impermeable fencing that forms an enclosed area when:

a. It forms an enclosed area all of which is located within 50 feet of an exterior wall of a legally-established dwelling or within 50 feet of a structure related to an agricultural use set forth in Article 5. Such portion of the enclosed area is not counted towards the enclosed area limitations of Sec. 8109-4.8.3.6(b) and (c) above.

b. It is used to enclose commercially grown agricultural crops or products. For purposes of this Section 8109-4.8.3.6.1 the phrase "commercially grown agricultural crops or products" means any crop or plant product (including orchard, food, plant fiber, feed, ornamentals, or forest), that will be commercially sold.

c. It is used to enclose a water well or pump house and does not enclose more than 500 square feet.
d. It is installed on publicly-owned or -maintained property for the purpose of restricting wildlife from entering a road right-of-way or directing wildlife toward a *wildlife crossing structure*.

e. It is used for habitat protection or a restoration project when specified by a habitat preservation plan, habitat restoration plan or similar plan, or a condition of approval or mitigation measure associated with a land use entitlement, that is approved by a public entity; or it is constructed with a grant of public funds or by a *conservation organization*.

f. It is installed on a lot that has an area of 10,000 square feet or less in size, regardless of base zoning.

g. It is installed to control access to outdoor shooting ranges.

Section 8109–4.8.3.8 – Discretionary Permit Applications, Development Guidelines, and Permit Approval Finding

The following shall apply whenever a discretionary permit or modification thereto is required to authorize development pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8.

a. Permit applications shall include, among all other information required by the Planning Division pursuant to Sections 8111-2.1 and 8111-2.3, documentation, prepared by a qualified biologist, identifying all *surface water features, wildlife crossing structures*, landscape features such as *riparian* corridors and ridgelines, undeveloped areas, and other areas and features on the lot that could support *functional connectivity* and wildlife movement, or that could block or hinder *functional connectivity* and wildlife movement such as roads, structures, and *fences*. The permit application and supporting documentation shall also address the proposed development’s consistency with the development guidelines stated in subsection (b) below. Additional information and study may be required in order to review a proposed development under the California Environmental Quality Act or other applicable law.

b. Development, including any resulting *fuel modification* required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, should comply with the following applicable development guidelines to the extent feasible:

1. Development should be sited and conducted outside the applicable setback areas set forth in Sections 8109-4.8.3.4 and 8109-4.8.3.5 to the extent feasible;

2. Development should be sited and conducted to minimize the removal and disturbance of biological resources, landscape features and undeveloped areas that have the potential to support *functional connectivity* and wildlife movement;
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

(3) Development should be sited and conducted to provide the largest possible contiguous undeveloped portion of land; and

(4) *Wildlife impermeable fencing* should be sited and designed to minimize potential impacts to wildlife movement.

c. In addition to meeting all other applicable permit approval standards set forth in Sec. 8111-1.2, the following additional permit approval finding must be made or be capable of being made with reasonable conditions and limitations being placed on the proposed development: The development, including any resulting *fuel modification* required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, is sited and conducted in a manner that is consistent with the development guidelines set forth in Sec. 8109-4.8.3.8(b) to the extent feasible.

Section 8109-4.9 – Critical Wildlife Passage Areas Overlay Zone

The abbreviated reference for the Critical Wildlife Passage Areas overlay zone when applied to a base zone shall be “CWPA.” The suffix “CWPA” shall be added to the base zone covering land so identified (example: RA-40 ac/HCWC/CWPA). Where applicable, standards, requirements and procedures in this Sec. 8109-4.9 shall apply to parcels in the Critical Wildlife Passage Areas overlay zone in addition to those of the base zone and other overlay zones, including but not limited to the Habitat Connectivity and Wildlife Corridors overlay zone. In the case of conflicting zone standards, requirements or procedures, the more restrictive ones shall apply within the Critical Wildlife Passage Areas overlay zone.

Section 8109-4.9.1 – Applicability

a. For purposes of calculating lot sizes to apply the provisions of this Sec. 8109-4.9, the Ventura County Resource Management Agency Geographic Information System (GIS) shall be used.

b. Except for land uses and *structures* that are exempt pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.9.2, this Sec. 8109-4.9 shall apply to each of the following land uses and *structures* on lots that are two acres or greater (collectively referred to as “development” in this Sec. 8109-4.9):

(1) Construction of a new *structure* or addition to an existing *structure* that is subject to a permitting requirement under Article 5 (i.e., a Zoning Clearance or other permit is required under Article 5).

(2) Initiation of a new land use that is subject to a permitting requirement under Article 5 (i.e., a Zoning Clearance or other permit is required under Article 5).
(3) Installation of new or replacement *wildlife impermeable fencing* that forms an enclosed area on lots zoned Open Space (OS) or Agricultural Exclusive (AE), including when such a *fence* is used to facilitate livestock grazing. For purposes of this Sec. 8109-4.9, the term “enclosed area” means an area that is enclosed by *wildlife impermeable fencing* regardless of whether the *fence* or wall contains one or more gates or doors that can be opened to allow access. *Wildlife impermeable fencing* that includes unobstructed vertical gaps of at least 24 inches at intervals of 50 linear feet or less does not form an “enclosed area.”

c. In cases where any portion of a lot is outside the Critical Wildlife Passage Area overlay zone, this Sec. 8109-4.9 shall not apply to any portion of the lot.

d. The standards, requirements and procedures of this Sec. 8109-4.9 shall only apply to new development, the discretionary permit or Zoning Clearance application for which is decided by the County decision-making authority on or after [ordinance effective date].

e. If development requires a discretionary permit or modification thereto under a section of this Chapter other than this Sec. 8109-4.9, no additional discretionary permit or Zoning Clearance shall be required for the development pursuant to this Sec. 8109-4.9. Instead, the applicable standards, requirements and procedures of this Sec. 8109-4.9 shall be incorporated into the processing of the application for, and the substantive terms and conditions of, the discretionary permit or modification that is otherwise required by this Chapter.

f. If the same development or project requires two or more discretionary permits or modifications or Zoning Clearances pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.8 and/or Sec. 8109-4.9, the permit applications shall be processed and acted upon concurrently as part of the same project.

g. If a permit condition, subdivision condition, or other County-approved covenant, condition, easement, or instrument imposes standards or restrictions on development which is subject to this Sec. 8109-4.9, the more restrictive standards and restrictions shall apply.

**Section 8109-4.9.2 – Exemptions**

This Sec. 8109-4.9 does not apply to the following development:

a. Any development on a lot zoned Commercial (CO, C1, CPD).

b. Any development on a lot zoned Residential (RA, RE, RO, R1, R2, RPD or RHD) located in the Simi Hills Critical Wildlife Passages area as shown on the ‘Critical Wildlife Passage Areas’ map within the Planning GIS.
Wildlife Corridor layer of the County of Ventura, County View Geographic Information System (GIS), as may be amended.

c. Aboveground pipelines or transmission lines.

d. Facilities for the production, generation, storage, transmission, or distribution of water, including *wildlife impermeable fencing* required to protect such facilities.

e. *Agricultural shade/mist structures*, animal shade structures authorized by Sec. 8107-34, and above-ground fuel storage as an *accessory use*.

f. Land, *fences*, or improvements other than *structures* involuntarily damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, landslide, or natural disaster may be restored or rebuilt to their original state and in their original location if a complete building permit application is submitted to the County within three years of the date that the damage occurred, and the permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to expiration, or if no permit is required, the rebuilding commences within the aforementioned three-year period and is diligently pursued to completion. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the restoration or rebuilding of land, *fences* or improvements following fire, flood, landslide or natural disaster not meeting the above requirements shall comply with the permitting and all other applicable requirements of this Sec. 8109-4.9.

g. *Structures* involuntarily damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, landslide, or natural disaster may be rebuilt to their original state and in their original location if (i) less than 50 percent of the *structure* is damaged or destroyed and (ii) a complete building permit application is submitted to the County within three years of the date that the damage occurred, and the permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to expiration. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the rebuilding of *structures* following fire, flood, landslide or natural disaster not meeting the above requirements shall comply with the permitting and all other applicable requirements of this Sec. 8109-4.9.

h. Notwithstanding subsections (f) and (g) above, land, *fences*, improvements and *structures* damaged or destroyed in the Thomas Fire of 2017-2018 or the Woolsey-Hill Fires of 2018 may be rebuilt to their original state without being subject to Sec. 8109-4.9 if a complete building permit application has been submitted to the Building and Safety Division on or before the applicable deadline set forth in Sec. 8113-6.1.1, and the building permit once approved is diligently pursued to completion prior to permit expiration; or if no building permit is required for the rebuilding of any such land, *fence*, improvement or *structure*, the rebuilding
commences before the above-referenced deadline and is diligently pursued to completion.

i. Construction and maintenance of driveways or roads internal to a lot.

j. *Structures* or improvements that are *temporary* or are located entirely or substantially underground (e.g., pipelines, cables, individual sewage disposal systems).

k. Repair or maintenance of an existing, legally-established structure or fence.

l. The following land uses set forth in Art. 5 are exempt except that (1) associated *structures* are not exempt regardless of whether a *structure* itself is subject to a permitting requirement under Art. 5, and (2) the installation of associated *wildlife impermeable fencing* is not exempt if such fencing otherwise qualifies as development pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.9.1(b)(3):

   (1) Animal Keeping and Animal Husbandry (domestic animals, horses & other equines, including more than permitted by Art. 7)
   (2) Apiculture
   (3) Aquaculture/Aquiculture
   (4) Vermiculture (open beds)
   (5) Agricultural Promotional Uses
   (6) Home Occupations
   (7) Cemeteries
   (8) Cultural/historic uses
   (9) Filming Activities
   (10) Firewood operations
   (11) Drilling for temporary geologic testing
   (12) Botanic Gardens and Arboreta
   (13) Athletic Fields
   (14) Golf Courses
   (15) Parks
   (16) Wholesale Nurseries for Propagation

**Section 8109 – 4.9.3 – Permitting Requirements**

a. Development subject to this Sec. 8109-4.9 requires a Zoning Clearance pursuant to Sec. 8111-1.1, which shall be issued if the development, including all proposed *structures*, uses, enclosed areas formed by wildlife impermeable fencing, complies with one or more of the following applicable siting criteria and meets the general standards set forth in Sec. 8111-1.1.1(b):

   (1) The development is proposed to be located on an undeveloped parcel and meets the compact development siting standard set forth in Sec. 8109-
4.9.4 below. For purposes of this Sec. 8109-4.9.3, an “undeveloped” parcel is one that contains no legally-authorized structures as of [Ordinance effective date] other than one or more above-ground pipelines; wireless communication facilities; utility/transmission lines and support structures; flood control improvements; or water production, storage, transmission or distribution facilities.

(2) The development is not proposed to be located on an undeveloped parcel and meets one or more of the following criteria:

i. The development is located entirely within 100 feet of the centerline of a public road;

ii. The development is located entirely within 100 feet of any portion of and on the same lot as (i) an existing, legally-established structure, or the centerline of a publicly-accessible trail; or

iii. The development is located entirely within 100 feet of and on the same lot as the centerline of an agricultural access road that supports the production of commercially grown agricultural products. For purposes of this Sec. 8109-4.9.3, the phrase “commercially grown agricultural products” means any plant or animal agricultural product (including food, feed, fiber, ornamentals, or forest), that will be commercially sold, including livestock raised for commercial production.

(3) For development consisting solely of the installation of wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area on parcel that is not undeveloped, the enclosed area is located entirely within an area described in subsection (2)(i), (2)(ii) or (2)(iii) above, and:

i. For lots with no wildlife impermeable fencing forming an enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing is less than 10 percent of the gross lot area; or

ii. For lots with existing wildlife impermeable fencing forming and enclosed area installed as of [ordinance effective date], the cumulative area enclosed by the proposed wildlife impermeable fencing is more than 10 percent of the gross lot area excluding the cumulative area already enclosed by existing wildlife impermeable fencing.

b. If development subject to this Sec. 8109-4.9 does not qualify for a Zoning Clearance pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.9.3(a) above, a Planning Director-approved Planned Development Permit is required to authorize the development.
In addition to providing all information required by the Planning Division pursuant to Sec. 8111-2.3, an application for a Zoning Clearance or Planned Development Permit required by this Sec. 8109-4.9.3 shall include a site plan showing all existing and proposed structures, roads, driveways, and other improvements on the subject lot, and all public roads and publicly-accessible trails on or adjacent to the lot. Such applications for development consisting of the installation of wildlife impermeable fencing subject to Sec. 8109-4.9.3(a)(5) or 8109-4.9.3(a)(6) shall also include a fencing site plan depicting the type, design, and location of all existing and proposed wildlife impermeable fencing on the subject lot. For development consisting of the installation of wildlife impermeable fencing subject to Sec. 8109-4.9.3(a)(6), applications for development shall include calculations for the enclosed area of each existing and, if applicable, proposed wildlife impermeable fence.

Section 8109-4.9.4 – Compact Development Siting Standard

a. Development complies with the compact development siting standard if all proposed structures, uses and enclosed areas formed by wildlife impermeable fencing constituting development under this Sec. 8109-4.9 are sited exclusively in one of the two contiguous areas created by a line bisecting the subject lot into two sections of equal areas (halves). The bisecting line may consist of a single, straight line segment or a series of connected, non-intersecting line segments that do not form a straight line. Each of the two endpoints of a bisecting line shall coincide with any two lot boundary lines.

b. In addition to all other application requirements, as part of a Zoning Clearance application for development subject to this Sec. 8109-4.9.4, the applicant shall be required to submit a site plan which shows the location, length, and orientation of each segment of the bisecting line. The site plan shall be drawn to scale and shall identify the area in square feet of each section of land on either side of the bisecting line. Once the location of the bisecting line for the subject lot is established upon approval of a Zoning Clearance, it shall be the basis of siting any future proposed development authorized with a Zoning Clearance pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.9.4’s compact development siting standard, except that a lot line adjustment approved pursuant to the Ventura County Subdivision Ordinance shall nullify any bisecting line created previously under this section.
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

Example Illustrations of Lines Bisecting Lots into Two Sections of Equal Area
Section 8109-4.9.4

Section 8109–4.9.5 – Discretionary Permit Applications and Approval Standards
The following apply whenever a discretionary permit or modification thereto is required to authorize development pursuant to Sec. 8109-4.9.

a. Permit applications shall include, among all other information required by the Planning Division pursuant to Sections 8111-2.1 and 8111-2.3, documentation, prepared by a qualified biologist, identifying all surface water features, wildlife crossing structures, landscape features such as riparian corridors and ridgelines, undeveloped areas, and other areas and features on the lot that could support functional connectivity and wildlife movement, or that could block or hinder functional connectivity and wildlife movement such as roads, structures, and fences. The permit application and supporting documentation shall also address the proposed development’s consistency with the development guidelines stated in subsection (b) below. Additional information and study may be required in order to review a proposed
development under the California Environmental Quality Act or other applicable law.

b. Development, including any resulting fuel modification required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, should comply with the following applicable development guidelines to the extent feasible:

(1) Development should be sited and conducted to minimize the removal and disturbance of biological resources, landscape features and undeveloped areas that have the potential to support functional connectivity and wildlife movement;

(2) Development should be sited and conducted to provide the largest possible contiguous undeveloped portion of land; and

(3) Wildlife impermeable fencing should be sited and designed to minimize potential impacts to wildlife movement.

c. In addition to meeting all other applicable permit approval standards set forth in Sec. 8111-1.2, the following additional permit approval finding must be made or be capable of being made with reasonable conditions and limitations being placed on the proposed development: The development, including any resulting fuel modification required by the Ventura County Fire Protection District, should be sited and conducted in a manner that is consistent with the development guidelines set forth in Sec. 8109-4.9.5(b) to the extent feasible.

Section 6
Severability

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word of the Ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The Ventura County Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed and adopted this Ordinance, and each and all provisions hereof, irrespective of the fact that one or more provisions may be declared invalid.

Section 7
Effective Date; Implementation

This Ordinance shall become effective 60 days after adoption.
Errata Memo – Attachment 2

PASSED AND ADOPTED this xxth day of xxx, 2019 by the following vote:

AYES: Supervisors _____________________________

____________________________

____________________________

NOES:

____________________________

ABSENT:

____________________________

ATTEST:
MICHAEL POWERS
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
County of Ventura, State of California

By__________________________
Deputy Clerk of the Board

CHAIR, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS